

Year 3 English Long Term Plan

	Autumn 1: Iron Man	Autumn 2: Fox	Spring 1: The Rhythm of the Rain	Spring 2: Jemmy Button	Summer 1: Egyptology	Summer 2: Into the Forest
Vehicle texts	THE MAN Tel Hunter Thatroid b On Find	FOX Market Hub Rom Brooks	Rhythm Rain	Jemony Button	EGAPTOLOGY EGAPTOLOGY	TANON REPORT
Writing Outcomes and Purpose	Narrative: Approach Threat Story Purpose: to narrate	Narrative: Fable Story Purpose: to narrate	Narrative: Setting Narrative Purpose: to narrate	Narrative: Return Story Purpose: to narrate	Narrative: Egyptian Mystery Story Purpose: to narrate	Narrative: Lost Story Purpose: to narrate
	Non-fiction: Explanation- How to Catch an Iron Man Purpose: to explain	Non-fiction: Information- Foxes Purpose: to inform	Non-fiction: Information Leaflet- Rivers Purpose: to instruct	Non-fiction: Letters Purpose: to recount	Non-fiction: Secret Diary Purpose: to recount	Non-fiction: Newspaper Report Purpose: to recount

Terminology

preposition, conjunction, word family, prefix, clause, subordinate clause, direct speech, consonant, consonant letter vowel, vowel letter, inverted commas

		Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2			
Grammar Skills	Word	Build on previous year & focus on: Formation of nouns using a range of prefixes e.g. auto- super- anti	Build on previous units & focus on: Formation of nouns using a range of prefixes e.g. auto- super- anti- (un- and re-)	Build on previous units & focus on: Use of the forms a or an when next word starts with a consonant or a vowel	Build on previous units & focus on: Use of the forms a or an when next word starts with a consonant or a vowel Word families based on common words showing how words are related in form and meaning	Build on previous units & focus on: Formation of nouns using a range of prefixes e.g. auto- super- anti- (un-) Use of the forms a or an when next word starts with a consonant or a vowel Word families based on common words showing how words are related in form and meaning	Build on previous units & focus on: Formation of nouns using a range of prefixes e.g. auto- super- anti- (mis-, in-, dis-, un) Use of the forms a or an when next word starts with a consonant or a vowel Word families based on common words showing how words are related in form and meaning			
	Sentence	Build on previous year & focus on: Expressing time, place and cause using conjunctions e.g. (when, before, after, while, so, because, if, although)	Build on previous units & focus on: Expressing time, place and cause using conjunctions e.g. (when, before, after, while, so, because, if, although) Expressing time, place and cause using prepositions e.g. (before, after, during, in, because)	Build on previous units & focus on: Expressing time, place and cause using prepositions e.g. (before, after, during, in, because of) Expressing time, place and cause using conjunctions e.g. (when, before, after, while, so, because, if, although) Expressing time, place and cause using adverbs e.g. (then, next, soon, therefore	Build on previous units & focus on: Expressing time, place and cause using prepositions e.g. (before, after, during, in, because of	Build on previous units & focus on: Expressing time, place and cause using adverbs e.g. (then, next, soon, therefore) Expressing time, place and cause using prepositions e.g. (before, after, during, in, because of)	Build on previous units & focus on: Expressing time, place and cause using adverbs e.g. (then, next, soon, therefore)			
	Text	Build on previous year & focus on: Present perfect form of verbs	Build on previous units & focus on: Present perfect form of verbs Introduction to paragraphs as a way to group related material	Build on previous units & focus on: Introduction to paragraphs as a way to group related material	Build on previous units & focus on: Introduction to paragraphs as a way to group related material	Build on previous units & focus on: Introduction to paragraphs as a way to group related material Headings and sub-headings to aid presentation	Build on previous units & focus on: Present perfect form of verbs Introduction to paragraphs as a way to group related material Headings and sub-headings to aid presentation			
	Punctuation	Reinforce from Year 2: Use of capital letters, full stops, question marks and exclamation marks to demarcate sentences Commas to separate items in a list Apostrophes to mark where letters are missing in spelling and to mark singular possession in nouns	Reinforce from Year 2: Use of capital letters, full stops, question marks and exclamation marks to demarcate sentences Commas to separate items in a list Apostrophes to mark where letters are missing in spelling and to mark singular possession in nouns	Build on previous units & focus on: Apostrophes to mark where letters are missing in spelling and to mark singular possession in nouns	Build on previous units & focus on: Inverted commas to punctuate direct speech	Build on previous units & focus on: Inverted commas to punctuate direct speech	Build on previous units & focus on: Inverted commas to punctuate direct speech			
	Daily 'Flashback' is used to address any gaps.									